JEFFERSON COMPILATION METHOD

"GETTING WARM"



By: Dr. Joseph L. Jefferson
St. Olaf College
Associate Professor of Music
Director of Jazz Studies/Jazz Trombone
josephljefferson.com

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BREATHING

(Do this first, everyday)

*Taken from Digital Trombone

I recommend that you stand up and make sure that you are relaxed and in good balance without your instrument.
"I also suggest that you hold your embouchure as if you were about to play all the time."

- 1. Breath in for two beats (60-80bpm) through the mouth.
- 2. Hold your breath for four beats, without Locking up the throat. You should "balance the air" with the diaphragm while holding your breath.
- 3. Breath out evenly for four beats.
- 4. Repeat the process for a few minutes.

BUZZING

(Make the connection aurally! Be intentional about buzzing the correct pitches. Strive for a full, warm and resonance buzz keep the air flowing consistently.)

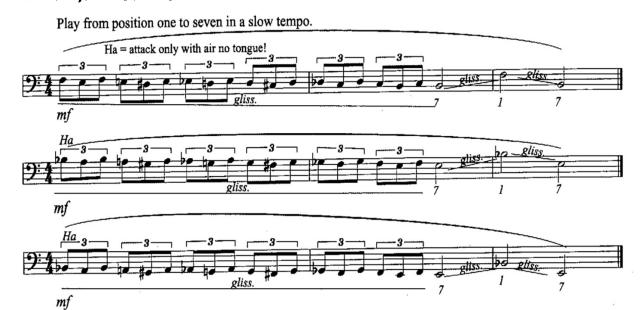
- 1. Start at B- Flat (3) and descend diatonically to the octave below.
- 2. Continue down by half steps ending on F (3)

GISSANDI

(snake exercises)

(When attempting this exercise, stay relaxed! DO NOT crescendo while performing the glissando. Keep the air consistent while moving down the slide.) Strive for a warm and resonant sound.

*Taken from Ben's Basic



SOSTENUTO

(This is a variation from the normal Remington long tones exercises. This exercise adds movement and expands to the upper range of Bb4.)

*Taken from Pete Ellefson "If I only had the time"

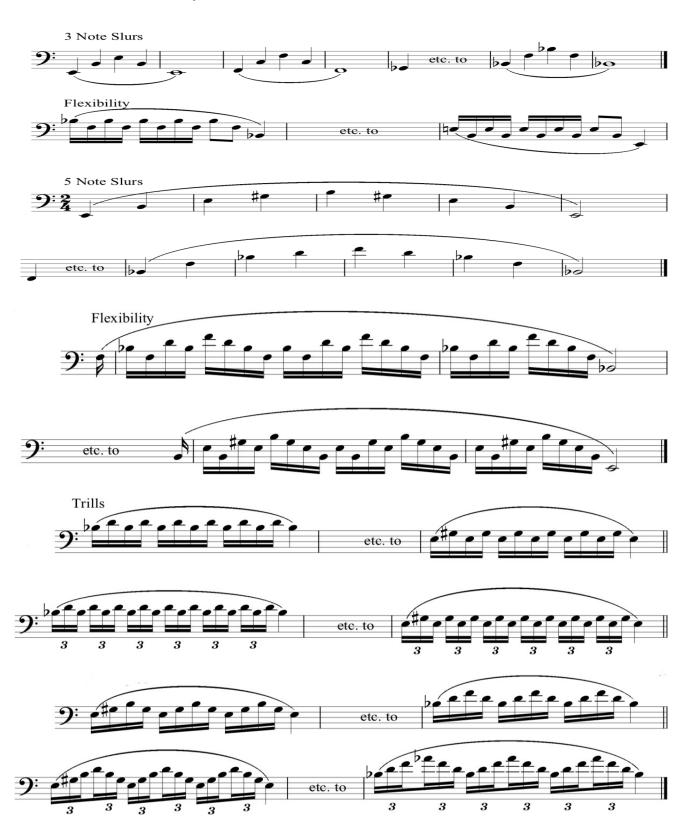


SLURS

(Strive for smooth transitions between partials. (Saying AHH, EHH) Notice the shift/raising in the middle of your tongue to assist you with completing the slur. Find a tempo that you can play each exercise RHYTHM.ICALLY accurate.

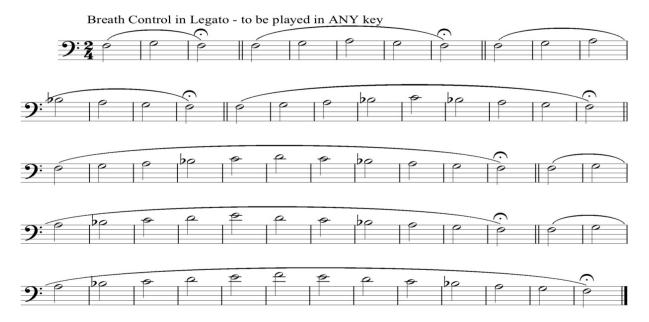
This is critical!)

*Taken from Remington Method



BREATH CONTROL

(The purpose of this exercise is to improve your air efficiency thought-out each phrase.)



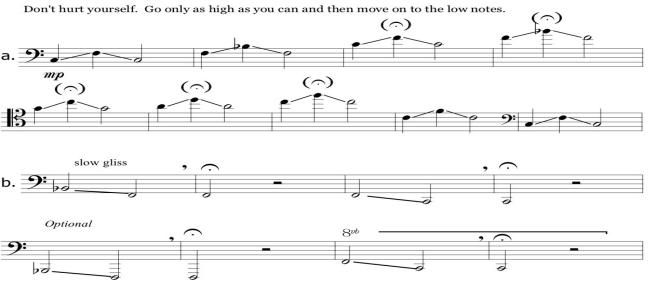
RANGE DEVELOPMENT/EXPANSION

(keep the air steady and fast as you ascend. Always follow range development with Low playing get the blood back flowing in your lips.)



*Taken from Brad Edwards, "Core"

Range



ARTICUTLATION

(The most import aspect of articulation is a constant airstream. Additionally, make sure the tongues goes down VERY quickly NOT back and forth after each articulation. This creates fuller crisp articulations.)

*Taken from Brad Edwards, "Core"

Articulation / Coordination

Medium Fast: tap your foot (no metronome). Move your slide precisely.



*Taken from Pete Ellefson "If I only had the time"

SylLables: <u>DU</u> - Legato; <u>DAH</u> - Tenuto; <u>TAH</u> - Staccato

Make a distinct difference between tenuto and legato Choose a different key each day

